Oliver is from Italy, <u>isn't he?</u>



QUESTION TAGS

### QUESTION TAGS

Los question tags son unas "coletillas" en forma de pregunta que se colocan al final de una oración para comprobar que la información que hemos dicho es correcta.

Trabajas el sábado, ¿no?

La tienda no abre hoy, ¿verdad?

### Pero, ¿cómo se forman?

Su estructura es: AUXILIAR + SUJETO +?

- el AUXILIAR depende del tiempo de la oración.

He works in a bank, doesn't he?

- el **SUJETO** es el mismo que en la oración.

Hannah studied in Rome, didn't she?

- si la oración es afirmativa, el auxiliar será negativo.

She is a teacher, isn't she?

- si la oración es negativa, el auxiliar será afirmativo.

Laura hasn't arrived yet, has she?

#### **AUXILIARES**

- Verb to be: "be" en el mismo tiempo

  He is a nurse, isn't he?
  - You weren't happy, were you?
- Present Simple: do/does
  - She plays the piano, doesn't she? You don't like fish, do you?
- Past Simple: did
- She worked in a bank, didn't she? John didn't go to the concert, did he?
- Present Perfect: have/has

They have just finished the exam, haven't they? Eva hasn't been abroad recently, has she?

Past Perfect: had

They had been to Italy before, hadn't they? Jordi hadn't eaten insects before, had he?

- Future Simple: will
  - It will rain tomorrow, won't it? Lara won't pass the test, will she?
- Modals: can/should/must/etc...
- Your brother can speak German, can't he? They shouldn't eat so much fat, should they?

#### **IRREGULARES**

Cuidado, hay algunas construcciones que no siguen estas reglas:

I am ..., aren't I?

I am lost, aren't !?

Let's ..., shall we?

Let's do it again, shall we?

Imperativos ..., will you?

Call me later, will you?

Don't forget your jacket, will you?